Solar chemicals are starting to play a continually bigger role as an ecologically safe energy source. Despite this and their capability for industrial and civilian use, the European industrial landscape has been lacking in research on solar chemicals. The EU-funded SOLAR2CHEM project aims to train 15 new researchers in state-of-the-art concepts and techniques with a focus on physical sciences to research on hybrid devices for producing solar chemicals. They will also take into account the environmental footprint in manufacturing, and promote the use of solar chemicals in both the European industry and the private sector.

**Summary**

- **Training**: To train 15 ESRs in state-of-the-art concepts and techniques, with a strong focus on interdisciplinary knowledge on physical sciences.
- **Knowledge**: To advance knowledge on hybrid devices for solar chemicals production, focusing on novel molecules and materials exceeding current efficiencies and selectivity, while considering the environmental footprint based on materials availability and manufacturing process.
- **Promotion**: To cover the promotion of solar chemicals within policy-makers and stakeholders, and the development of the private sector through communication to the general public.

**Projects**

- WP1.1 Photoanode
- WP2 Advanced Characterization
- WP3 Photoreactor Design
- WP4 Technology Deployment
- WP1.2 Photocathode

This project has received funding from the European Union’s Horizon 2020 research and innovation programme under the Marie Skłodowska-Curie grant agreement No 861151.